Disruptive Shift to Rare Earth Processing as Aclara Moves into American Market

written by InvestorNews | April 3, 2024

In an update on the disruptive industry news that broke this morning, Jack Lifton, Co-chair of the Critical Minerals Institute (CMI), offered a detailed analysis of Aclara Resources Inc. 's (TSX: ARA) strategic move into the U.S. rare earths processing market. Aclara, backed by the Hochschild Mining Group, has set its sights on exploiting ionic clay deposits from Chile and Brazil to secure heavy rare earth elements (HREEs) like Dysprosium and Terbium, pivotal for high-performance magnet manufacturing. This venture is marked by partnerships with the Saskatchewan Research Council and Hatch Ltd. for the development and engineering of a processing facility. However, Lifton expressed reservations about the ambitious timeline, stating, "The actual <u>announcement</u> says they've engaged with the Saskatchewan Research Council to develop a separation technology operation and with Hatch, of Toronto, to actually engineer whatever the plan that comes out of the Saskatchewan Research Council is into hardware, into an actual separation plant."

Lifton's insights illuminate the intricate challenges Aclara faces in pioneering rare earth separation technologies in North America, a domain where success has been limited. He juxtaposes Aclara's emerging efforts against established industry players like Energy Fuels Inc. (NYSE American: UUUU | TSX: EFR), which has already made significant progress in light rare earth (LREE) separation and is now venturing into HREEs and alloys. This nuanced perspective raises doubts about Aclara's capability to swiftly navigate the complex technological and operational

hurdles inherent in rare earth processing.

The interview further delves into the competitive dynamics of the rare earth market, highlighting Aclara's entry into a space occupied by Energy Fuels, and buildouts already in play from MP Materials (NYSE: MP) and Ucore Rare Metals Inc. (TSXV: UCU | OTCQX: UURAF). Each company has its unique approach and strategic plans, indicating a fiercely competitive environment. Lifton's critique underscores a broader theme of Aclara's need for deeper industry integration and strategic partnerships, and suggested that this was perhaps a missed opportunity in which they should have engaged with Ucore.

Lifton's comprehensive analysis provides a crucial viewpoint on Aclara's bold yet fraught journey into the rare earths processing industry. While Aclara's plans signify a positive stride towards diversifying the global rare earths supply chain and enhancing geopolitical supply chain independence, Lifton underscores the formidable challenges ahead. This initiative marks a significant moment in the rare earth industry, setting the stage for Aclara's ambitious endeavor to navigate the technological, logistical, and competitive hurdles that lie in its path.

Rowena Smith sits down with Jack Lifton on ASM's 'Mines to

Metal' Advantage in Supplying Rare Earths

written by InvestorNews | April 3, 2024

During an interview at PDAC 2024 in Toronto, Jack Lifton of InvestorNews sat down with Rowena Smith, the Managing Director of Australian Strategic Materials Ltd. (ASX: ASM), to delve into the company's position and strategic initiatives within the rare earths and permanent magnet supply chain. Smith elucidated ASM's comprehensive strategy, spanning from "mine to highlighting their advanced development project in Dubbo, New South Wales, and their operational metals plant in South Korea. The company has successfully commenced production of neodymium praseodymium (NdPr) metal and neodymium iron boron (NdFeB) strip alloy, which are essential components for sintered magnets used across various technological applications. Smith proudly noted ASM's pioneering role as the first Australian entity and one of the few globally to achieve such depth in the supply chain outside of China, emphasizing the critical nature of their work in diversifying the global supply chain and reducing dependence on single-source suppliers.

Smith also detailed the Dubbo Project's progress, underlining its pivotal role in ASM's mine-to-metals business model for supplying rare earths and critical minerals. Funding and securing off-take agreements are current priorities, with the project's engineering, exploration, and permitting stages already completed. Smith's participation in a U.S. trade delegation and discussions with U.S. government departments reflect a strong international interest in funding the project. These interactions highlight the alignment between Australian and U.S. interests in establishing a sustainable and transparent critical minerals supply chain. ASM's engagement with various

U.S. government agencies and the passage of legislation recognizing Australia as a 'domestic source' for U.S. Department of Defense procurement showcases the international efforts to bolster critical mineral supply chains outside of China. The company's ongoing discussions for offtake agreements and advancements in metallization capability at the Korean Metals Plant further underscore ASM's commitment to securing a robust position within the global supply chain of rare earth metals and alloys.

To access the complete InvestorNews interview, click here

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About Australian Strategic Materials Ltd.

Australian Strategic Materials (ASX: ASM) is a vertically integrated 'mine to metals' producer of critical metals for new growth industries, high technologies and sustainable energy solutions. ASM operates a metals plant in in Ochang, South Korea which is currently producing critical metals and alloys to customer specifications. The initial production focus is on neodymium praseodymium (NdPr) and neodymium iron boron (NdFeB). Currently, ASM sources the rare earth oxides for the production of the critical metals at its Korean Metals Plant (KMP) from a third party located in Vietnam. The company's Dubbo Project, is a long-term resource of rare earth elements, zirconium, niobium and hafnium, located in New South Wales, Australia. ASM intends to develop the Dubbo Project to produce metal oxides which will be used for refining into critical metals at ASM's KMP and subsequent plants that may be established in other jurisdictions.

To learn more about Australian Strategic Materials Limited, click here

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Technology Metals Report (01.05.24): The Intensifying Competition of BYD Surprises Tesla

written by Tracy Weslosky | April 3, 2024 Welcome to the latest **Technology Metals Report (TMR)** where we highlight the Top 10 news stories that members of the <u>Critical Minerals Institute</u> (CMI) have forwarded to us over the last 2-weeks.

Key highlights in this **Technology Metals Report** includes Tesla's impressive Q4 delivery record, overshadowed by BYD's surge as the top EV maker, underscoring the intensifying competition in the electric vehicle market. Energy Fuels Inc. has made significant strides, first by entering into an MOU with Astron Corporation to bolster the U.S. rare earths supply, and then by expanding its uranium production in response to favorable market conditions. Nio Inc. has made a technological leap with its innovative EV battery, boasting a 1,000km range, while global trends in the critical minerals and EV market show shifts influenced by economic and political developments. Notably, Codelco and SQM's new lithium venture in Chile represents a strategic move in the lithium market. The impact of China's rare earths export ban stands as a significant moment, compelling the U.S. to foster technological self-reliance. The landmark merger between Allkem and Livent to form Arcadium Lithium marks a major consolidation in the lithium industry. Atomionics' innovative use of AI and gravity in mining exploration showcases a technological breakthrough. The EU's ambitious goals for critical minerals, despite challenges, indicate a strong commitment to securing essential resources for its green transition. Lastly, KoBold Metals' ambitious global lithium exploration, backed by industry giants, highlights the growing importance of lithium in the clean energy sector.

The 10-stories selected for this edition of the TMR with source links to source stories for this fast-paced sector are listed chronologically for your ease and review.

Tesla delivers record Q4 cars, but China's BYD steals top EV spot (January 3, 2024, Source) — In the fiercely competitive electric vehicle (EV) market, Tesla Inc. (NASDAQ: TSLA) achieved a significant milestone by delivering a record 484,507 vehicles in the fourth quarter of 2023, surpassing market expectations and fulfilling its annual target. Despite this success, Tesla

was eclipsed by China's BYD in terms of sales volume, losing its position as the leading EV manufacturer. BYD, backed by Warren Buffett, delivered 526,409 vehicles, primarily in China, indicating a consumer preference for more affordable models in an economy burdened by high interest rates. Although Tesla's aggressive sales strategies led to a notable 11% growth over the previous quarter and a total production of 1.85 million units in 2023, it fell short of CEO Elon Musk's ambitious target of 2 million. The company's stock remained stable amidst a generally declining market. Meanwhile, BYD's strategy of price cuts appears to be paying off, gaining market share despite potential impacts on profit margins. Tesla, in a bid to boost sales, offered discounts and incentives, such as six months of free fast charging for deliveries made by the end of December. This strategy was partly in response to some models of its Model 3 sedan losing U.S. federal tax credits in 2024. Tesla's delivery performance stands out in comparison to domestic U.S. car companies, but it is also facing challenges like regulatory scrutiny over its self-driving technology and the need to adapt to changing tax credit policies.

Energy Fuels' Strategic MOU with Astron: Shaping the Future of the U.S. Rare Earths Supply Chain (December 30, 2023, Source) — Energy Fuels Inc. (NYSE American: UUUU | TSX: EFR) has recently entered into a significant Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with Astron Corporation Ltd. to jointly develop the Donald Rare Earth and Mineral Sands Project in Victoria, Australia. This collaboration, announced on December 27, 2023, marks a crucial step in establishing a U.S.-focused rare earths supply chain, vital for meeting future national needs. The project will provide Energy Fuels with 7,000 to 14,000 metric tons of rare earth concentrate annually from the Donald deposit, processed at their White Mesa Mill in Utah. This arrangement not only utilizes the mill's capacity to manage radioactive elements but

also supports the production of critical minerals like uranium. The project is set to initially produce 800-1,000 metric tons of Neodymium-Praseodymium (NdPr) oxide by Q1 2024, with prospects for expansion. This development is strategically important in light of the U.S. government's impending policy to restrict critical minerals sourced from Foreign Entities of Concern, effective from 2025. By fostering a sustainable, competitive, and independent supply chain, Energy Fuels' initiative is poised to significantly impact the electric vehicle and clean energy sectors in the U.S., reducing dependency on foreign sources, especially China, and bolstering national security and technological advancement.

A Chinese EV company developed a battery with a 1,000km range and its CEO tested it out on a 14-hour livestream (December 29, 2023, Source) - Chinese electric vehicle (EV) company Nio Inc., often compared to Tesla, recently showcased a groundbreaking development in EV technology by introducing a battery with an impressive 1,000km range. The company's CEO, William Li, widely regarded as China's answer to Elon Musk, embarked on a 14-hour live-streamed journey covering 1,044km from Shanghai to Xiamen to demonstrate the battery's capabilities. Despite challenging weather conditions, Li's Nio ET7, powered by the company's new 150 kWh battery with the highest energy density for a massproduced EV battery, completed the trip with 3% charge remaining. Scheduled for mass production in April 2024, these batteries, though costly at around \$42,100, represent a significant advancement in EV technology. Nio's unique business model allows customers to buy cars without a battery, offering a subscription for battery swaps at over 2,000 stations across China. Despite financial challenges and each car resulting in a \$12,000 loss for Nio, this strategy has elevated Li's stature, drawing parallels with Tesla's Elon Musk. Li further showcased Nio's technological prowess at the annual "Nio Day," revealing

the new ET9 flagship to thousands of Nio enthusiasts.

The Critical Minerals Institute Report (12.27.2023): Politics Driving Marketable Commodities into 2024 (December 27, 2023, Source) - The December 2023 Critical Minerals Institute report highlights key global economic and political developments influencing the critical minerals and electric vehicle (EV) markets. U.S. inflation decreases and potential interest rate cuts in 2024 have positively impacted equity markets, while China's anticipated economic recovery bodes well for commodity sectors. The EV market is experiencing significant growth, particularly in China, despite challenges from U.S. and EU policies aiming to reduce dependency on foreign entities. The U.S. Department of Energy's proposed FEOC guidelines and the EU's Critical Raw Materials Act reflect a strategic shift towards stabilizing and localizing critical minerals supply chains. The report also notes significant fluctuations in the lithium market, with expectations of a bottom forming soon, and discusses the broader market dynamics of other critical minerals like cobalt, graphite, nickel, and manganese, in the context of a global economic slowdown. The performance of uranium in 2023 and the potential impact of lower interest rates in 2024 on the global economy and critical minerals demand are key areas of focus.

Chile's Codelco to control new lithium venture with miner SQM (December 27, 2023, Source) — Chile's state-owned copper miner, Codelco, has entered into a significant partnership with mining company Sociedad Química y Minera de Chile S.A. ("SQM") (NYSE: SQM), gaining majority control in a new lithium venture. This move aligns with President Gabriel Boric's directive for greater government involvement in lithium production. Chile, holding the title of the world's second-largest lithium producer, aims to revitalize its market share, which is at risk of declining due to aging mining projects and increasing global competition. The

deal, marking a pivotal step in Boric's national lithium strategy, mandates public-private partnerships for all lithium projects. Set to start in January 2025, Codelco will take over SQM's existing contracts and collaborate on increasing lithium production in the Atacama Desert. This partnership is not only a strategic move to stabilize SQM's market position but also sets a precedent for future lithium contracts in Chile, potentially reshaping the country's role in the global lithium market.

Global Rare Earths Market Heats Up as China Implements Export Ban (December 21, 2023, Source) - The recent ban by China on the export of rare earth processing technology represents a pivotal moment in the global rare earths market, particularly impacting the strategic metals sector. This ban, covering technology for extracting, separating, and producing rare earth metals and alloys, along with some magnet production technologies, has significant implications for industries like electronics, clean energy, and defense. Experts from the Critical Minerals Institute, including Melissa Sanderson and Peyton Jackson, highlight the necessity for the United States to proactively respond by investing in both green technologies, such as bioextraction, and traditional processing methods. They emphasize the risks of over-dependence on other nations and the importance of developing technological self-reliance. The U.S. government's funding of Lynas Rare Earths Ltd. (ASX: LYC) and Energy Fuels Inc.'s (NYSE American: UUUU | TSX: EFR) advanced solvent extraction system exemplifies a shift towards addressing these challenges through domestic initiatives. This strategic move is not only a reaction to China's export ban but also a step towards ensuring a more sustainable and secure future in the critical minerals sector.

Allkem shareholders approve \$10.6 billion Livent lithium merger (December 19, 2023, Source) — Australian lithium producer Allkem Limited (ASX: AKE | TSX: AKE) and U.S. company Livent

Corporation (NYSE: LTHM) have agreed on a significant \$10.6 billion merger, marking a major move in the lithium industry. This decision, approved by 72% of Allkem's voting shareholders, will result in the formation of Arcadian Lithium PLC (NYSE: ALTM | ASX: LTM), a formidable entity in the global lithium market. The merger, which has received all necessary regulatory approvals, positions Arcadium Lithium as one of the world's largest lithium companies, with operations spanning Australia, Argentina, and Canada. The new company will be integral in supplying lithium, a critical component for electric vehicle batteries, to various battery manufacturers. Under the terms of the deal, Allkem shareholders will exchange their shares on a one-for-one basis for shares in Arcadium Lithium, owning 56% of the new company, while Livent shareholders will receive 2.406 shares in Arcadium for each of their shares. Livent CEO Paul Graves is set to lead the new company, which will be the world's third-largest lithium producer. The merger comes amidst a surge in dealmaking activity in the lithium sector and is recommended by independent financial advisors and proxy firms. Additionally, Livent plans to expand its operations in Western Australia's prominent lithium districts.

Singapore's Atomionics taps gravity, AI in hunt for critical minerals (December 19, 2023, Source) — Singapore-based startup Atomionics is transforming the mineral exploration industry with its innovative technology, Gravio, which combines gravity detection and artificial intelligence. This "virtual drill" technique offers a more precise and efficient method for locating ore bodies of critical minerals like copper, nickel, and zinc. Atomionics has already engaged with three major mining companies and is implementing its technology in Australia and the U.S. The technology's real-time data processing significantly accelerates the task of defining ore bodies, offering a cost-effective alternative to traditional exploration

methods. The ability to build an accurate virtual picture of mineral deposits before physical drilling can greatly reduce costs, as exploratory drilling is expensive and often misses the target. Atomionics aims to decrease these unsuccessful attempts by at least half. This innovative approach holds the potential to be a game-changer in the mineral exploration sector, presenting a low-cost alternative to traditional methods and contributing to the energy transition.

EU sets critical mineral goals, but faces struggle to hit them (December 18, 2023, Source) - The European Union (EU) has ambitious targets for securing critical minerals essential for its green transition, as outlined in the Critical Raw Materials Act (CRMA), which aims to mine, recycle, and process significant portions of its annual needs for key materials like lithium and cobalt by 2030. These efforts are crucial for manufacturing clean technology products and reducing dependence on China, the dominant player in global mineral processing. However, the EU faces considerable challenges, including funding shortages, high energy costs, local opposition, and the need to expedite project permits. Additionally, the EU's efforts are comparatively underfunded compared to massive investments in green subsidies by countries like the U.S. The situation is further complicated by higher EU energy costs leading to reduced metal production and delays in mining projects in Portugal and Serbia. Despite these hurdles, there are positive signs, such as potential projects meeting EU supply needs and innovations to minimize material use. The EU also seeks to diversify imports and forge global partnerships, aiming to position itself as a clean tech leader by focusing on high-value manufacturing and relying on reliable allies for mineral sourcing.

Billionaire-backed KoBold Metals widens lithium hunt across four continents (December 14, 2023, Source) — KoBold Metals, a California-based startup financially backed by prominent

billionaires including Bill Gates and Jeff Bezos, is broadening its search for lithium, a crucial component in the clean energy and electric vehicle sectors, across four continents. Utilizing advanced artificial intelligence technology, CEO Kurt House announced plans to explore for lithium in regions such as South Korea, Quebec, the United States, Australia, and Africa, with specific emphasis on Namibia and the Democratic Republic of Congo. Previously focused on nickel and copper, with successful ventures in Quebec and Zambia, KoBold is now transitioning to include lithium in its mining portfolio. This strategic move aligns with their long-term goal to become the leading supplier of critical metals within 10 to 15 years. The startup, supported by Breakthrough Energy Ventures, collaborates with major players like BHP Group and Rio Tinto on projects in Australia and Canada. This expansion reflects KoBold's ambition to fill the exploration void left by larger mining firms, which have recently prioritized operational efficiency and shareholder returns over new mineral discoveries.

InvestorNews Critical Minerals Media Coverage:

- January 3, 2024 Rare earths company stock price has had a 'meteoric' rise of over 21x the past 15 months https://bit.ly/3vo6Xn3
- December 29, 2023 Energy Fuels announces an MOU for a \$122M investment in Astron that will supply a "new U.S.based supply chain for decades" https://bit.ly/3tzBfm9
- December 29, 2023 Hallgarten Initiates Coverage of Edison Lithium: Pivoting to Sodium-Ion Battery Technology https://bit.ly/3tG08wg
- December 27, 2023 The Critical Minerals Institute Report (12.27.2023): Politics Driving Marketable Commodities into 2024 https://bit.ly/48sqnVU
- December 21, 2023 Global Rare Earths Market Heats Up as

- China Implements Export Ban https://bit.ly/3TAClsv
- December 21, 2023 Setback for U.S. Rare Earth Industry: China Tightens Export Laws on Key Technologies, Impeding American Efforts to Gain Independence Despite Financial Incentives https://bit.ly/4aGvQdQ
- December 20, 2023 An update on the graphite sector and what to expect in 2024 and beyond https://bit.ly/3v8xLHG
- December 19, 2023 Australia updates their Critical Minerals List and Adds a second, introducing the Australian Strategic Materials List https://bit.ly/3R0x7aG

InvestorNews Critical Minerals Videos:

- December 30, 2023 Jack Lifton with Mark Chalmers on Energy Fuels Rare Earth Deal and Increasing US Uranium Production https://bit.ly/3TM5wsK
- December 30, 2023 Mark Chalmers of Energy Fuels
 Discusses Increasing Uranium Production in the United
 States https://bit.ly/3TDPH7k
- December 30, 2023 Energy Fuels' Strategic MOU with Astron: Shaping the Future of the U.S. Rare Earths Supply Chain https://bit.ly/41PPujp
- December 18, 2023 Ucore's Strategic Leap: Pat Ryan Discusses the First Mover Advantage in Rare Earths Processing at Louisiana's Strategic Metals Complex https://bit.ly/3GKa2jL

Critical Minerals IN8.Pro Member News Releases:

- January 4, 2024 Ucore Acquires Alexandria, Louisiana,
 Facility for Rare Earth Element Processing Plant https://bit.ly/3RJCQ0s
- January 2, 2024 Panther Metals PLC Corporate Summary:

- Positioned to Succeed https://bit.ly/3tDKSQI
- January 2, 2024 First Phosphate Closes Second Tranche of Oversubscribed Private Placement for Total Current Financing of \$7.5 Million https://bit.ly/48jDCbP
- December 29, 2023 Panther Metals PLC: Obonga Project Awkward East Claim Purchase Agreement https://bit.ly/3NKBeTr
- December 28, 2023 Appia Rare Earths & Uranium A Year in Review https://bit.ly/48xo3gh
- December 28, 2023 Kraken Energy Receives Permit to Resume Phase I Drill Program at Harts Point and Provides Corporate Update https://bit.ly/48pALxM
- December 27, 2023 Energy Fuels Enters into MOU to Secure Near-Term, Large-Scale Australian Source of Rare Earth Minerals to Supply New U.S.-Based Supply Chain for Decades https://bit.ly/47lDF5v
- December 27, 2023 Ucore Comments on China's Ban on the Export of Rare Earth Technology https://bit.ly/3RYiimD
- December 27, 2023 Appia Announces Closing of Non-Brokered Flow-Through Private Placement https://bit.ly/41EDIbJ
- December 27, 2023 Defense Metals Completes Geotechnical Field Data Collection for Wicheeda Rare Earth Element Project Preliminary Feasibility Study https://bit.ly/3RGLehB
- December 27, 2023 F3 to Spend \$16 Million on Drilling at PLN https://bit.ly/4aCQwDc
- December 22, 2023 First Phosphate Announces Closing of Initial Tranche of Private Placement Financing Along with Date of Second Tranche Closing https://bit.ly/48LgHWR
- December 22, 2023 Ucore Announces Extension of Debt https://bit.ly/3S7KAev
- December 22, 2023 Fathom Nickel Announces the Closing of the First Tranche of Private Placement

https://bit.ly/3S6aCyF

- December 21, 2023 Imperial Mining Closes \$1M Critical Minerals Flow-Through Private Placement https://bit.ly/4aEEsSh
- December 21, 2023 Western Uranium & Vanadium Provides Market and Company Updates https://bit.ly/3tyzFAP
- December 21, 2023 Ucore Completes RapidSX(TM) Demo Plant Commissioning - Begins US Department of Defense Demonstration Program https://bit.ly/3tjI4Iz
- December 21, 2023 In Response to Surging Prices, Supportive Government Policies, and a Domestic Focus on Security of Supply, Energy Fuels Has Commenced Production at Three of its U.S. Uranium Mines https://bit.ly/3Ru3Lxv
- December 20, 2023 Panther Metals PLC: Financing Update https://bit.ly/410C3jB
- December 20, 2023 Critical Metals PLC advances the Molulu Copper-Cobalt Project in DRC https://bit.ly/3ts5TxH
- December 19, 2023 Auxico Announces Board Decisions on Key Assets and Filing of Technical Reports https://bit.ly/3TyNxFY
- December 19, 2023 Automotive OEM Validates Nano One LFP and Kicks Off Tonne-Scale Evaluations https://bit.ly/48g4KZ6

Jack Lifton with Mark Chalmers on Energy Fuels Rare Earth

Deal and Increasing US Uranium Production

written by InvestorNews | April 3, 2024

In a comprehensive interview, Jack Lifton, Co-Chair of the Critical Minerals Institute (CMI) and Host at Investor.News, engages with Mark Chalmers, CEO of Energy Fuels Inc. (NYSE American: UUUU | TSX: EFR). They discuss key issues in the critical minerals sector, focusing on Energy Fuels' transformative MOU with Astron Corporation. This agreement signifies a major shift toward establishing a U.S.-centric rare earths supply chain. Central to this collaboration is the processing of rare earth concentrates from Australia's Donald Project at Energy Fuels' Utah facility, a critical step for the nation's future needs.

Chalmers also highlights Energy Fuels' strategic decision to ramp up <u>uranium production</u> at various U.S. mines. He outlines the company's initiatives to leverage favorable market conditions and supportive government policies, aiming for a significant increase in uranium production in the near future. This expansion is integral to Energy Fuels' broader commitment to playing a key role in the energy transition, showcasing their expertise in handling natural radioactive minerals.

The dialogue with Lifton further explores the wider implications of Energy Fuels' projects, particularly in aligning with U.S. strategies to reduce dependence on foreign critical minerals. Chalmers emphasizes the substantial impact these initiatives are poised to have on the U.S. electric vehicle and clean energy sectors. He underscores Energy Fuels' crucial contribution to creating a sustainable, competitive, and independent supply chain for these vital resources. To access the complete

interview, click here

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About Energy Fuels Inc.

Energy Fuels is a leading US-based critical minerals company. The Company, as the leading producer of uranium in the United States, mines uranium and produces natural uranium concentrates that are sold to major nuclear utilities for the production of carbon-free nuclear energy. Energy Fuels recently began production of advanced rare earth element ("REE") materials, including mixed REE carbonate, and plans to produce commercial quantities of separated REE oxides in the future. Energy Fuels also produces vanadium from certain of its projects, as market conditions warrant, and is evaluating the recovery of radionuclides needed for emerging cancer treatments. Its corporate offices are in Lakewood, Colorado, near Denver, and substantially all its assets and employees are in the United States. Energy Fuels holds two of America's key uranium production centers: the White Mesa Mill in Utah and the Nichols Ranch in-situ recovery ("ISR") Project in Wyoming. The White Mesa Mill is the only conventional uranium mill operating in the US today, has a licensed capacity of over 8 million pounds of U₃O₈ per year, and has the ability to produce vanadium when market conditions warrant, as well as REE products, from various uranium-bearing ores. The Nichols Ranch ISR Project is on standby and has a licensed capacity of 2 million pounds of U₃O₈ per year. The Company recently acquired the Bahia Project in Brazil, which is believed to have significant quantities of titanium (ilmenite and rutile), zirconium (zircon) and REE (monazite) minerals. In addition to the above production facilities, Energy Fuels also has one of the largest NI 43-101

compliant uranium resource portfolios in the US and several uranium and uranium/vanadium mining projects on standby and in various stages of permitting and development.

To learn more about Energy Fuels Inc., click here

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Energy Fuels' Strategic MOU with Astron: Shaping the Future of the U.S. Rare Earths Supply Chain

written by InvestorNews | April 3, 2024 In a recent interview with Tracy Weslosky of Investor.News, Mark Chalmers, President, CEO, and Director of Energy Fuels Inc. (NYSE American: UUUU | TSX: EFR), discusses their recently announced Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with Astron Corporation Ltd. (ASX: ATR) for the joint venture development of the Donald Rare Earth and Mineral Sands Project in Victoria, Australia. This MOU, announced on December 27, 2023, is a key milestone in establishing a U.S.-centric rare earths supply chain, which is crucial for the country's future needs.

The Donald Project promises to supply Energy Fuels with 7,000 to 14,000 metric tons of rare earth concentrate, using monazite sand from the deposit. Energy Fuels plans to process this at their White Mesa Mill in Utah, where they can handle the radioactive elements in monazite and extract valuable components like uranium. This positions them as a leader in the critical minerals.

Energy Fuels' approach is cost-effective, leveraging existing infrastructure and skilled workforce in Utah. The initial phase of the project aims to produce 800-1,000 metric tons of the magnetic materials, Neodymium-Praseodymium (NdPr) oxide by Q1 2024, with plans for future expansion.

The U.S. government's policy, set to restrict critical minerals sourced from Foreign Entities of Concern from 2025, highlights the significance of Energy Fuels' project. As a leading U.S. producer of uranium, vanadium, and rare earth elements, the company plays a vital role in reducing U.S. dependence on foreign sources, particularly China.

This venture is expected to have a major impact on the electric vehicle and clean energy sectors in the U.S., offering a sustainable, competitive, and independent supply chain for critical minerals, essential for national security and technological progress. To access the complete interview, click

here

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About Energy Fuels Inc.

Energy Fuels is a leading US-based critical minerals company. The Company, as the leading producer of uranium in the United States, mines uranium and produces natural uranium concentrates that are sold to major nuclear utilities for the production of carbon-free nuclear energy. Energy Fuels recently began production of advanced rare earth element ("REE") materials, including mixed REE carbonate, and plans to produce commercial quantities of separated REE oxides in the future. Energy Fuels also produces vanadium from certain of its projects, as market conditions warrant, and is evaluating the recovery of radionuclides needed for emerging cancer treatments. Its corporate offices are in Lakewood, Colorado, near Denver, and substantially all its assets and employees are in the United States. Energy Fuels holds two of America's key uranium production centers: the White Mesa Mill in Utah and the Nichols Ranch in-situ recovery ("ISR") Project in Wyoming. The White Mesa Mill is the only conventional uranium mill operating in the US today, has a licensed capacity of over 8 million pounds of U_3O_8 per year, and has the ability to produce vanadium when market conditions warrant, as well as REE products, from various uranium-bearing ores. The Nichols Ranch ISR Project is on standby and has a licensed capacity of 2 million pounds of U₃O₈ per year. The Company recently acquired the Bahia Project in Brazil, which is believed to have significant quantities of titanium (ilmenite and rutile), zirconium (zircon) and REE (monazite) minerals. In addition to the above production facilities, Energy Fuels also has one of the largest NI 43-101

compliant uranium resource portfolios in the US and several uranium and uranium/vanadium mining projects on standby and in various stages of permitting and development.

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Curtis Moore on Energy Fuels' competitive advantage in the North American rare earths market

written by InvestorNews | April 3, 2024 In an InvestorNews interview, Tracy Weslosky spoke with Curtis Moore, Senior VP of Marketing & Corporate Development at Energy Fuels Inc. (NYSE American: UUUU | TSX: EFR). Curtis discussed Energy Fuels' focus on monazite sand, highlighting its high neodymium-praseodymium (NdPr) content, which provides a cost processing advantage over other rare earths bearing ores like bastnaesite. He explained that monazite's value is enhanced by its higher concentration of NdPr, essential for permanent rare earth magnets used in EVs and wind turbines, and its higher concentration of heavy rare earths. Curtis noted that while monazite has higher uranium and thorium levels than bastnaesite, Energy Fuels can efficiently process these elements at their uranium mill. He emphasized Energy Fuels' unique advantage in handling the naturally occurring uranium and thorium in rare earth bearing ores, a significant challenge for other companies. This capability allows them to potentially monetize these elements, especially as thorium markets mature.

Curtis also addressed a key question he wishes people would ask more often: why Energy Fuels is likely to succeed in the rare earth sector where many others have failed? He attributed their potential success to their inherent advantages in processing rare earth bearing ores and producing advanced materials. These advantages include their experience with solvent extraction, a technology crucial for producing separated rare earth oxides, and their existing infrastructure at the White Mesa Mill in Utah. Curtis highlighted their \$25 million investment in a rare earth separation circuit at the mill, which is expected to be operational in the first quarter of 2024, with a capacity to produce about 1000 metric tons of NdPr oxide per year, enough for 500,000 to 1,000,000 EVs annually. He expressed high confidence in their ability to succeed in the rare earth industry due to these factors.

To access the complete interview, click here

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Ara Partners Acquires Vacuumschmelze: Mission Critical in the Electric Vehicle Landscape

written by Tracy Weslosky | April 3, 2024 In a game-changing move within the sustainable transportation sphere, Ara Partners announced its acquisition of Vacuumschmelze (VAC), a renowned global producer of advanced magnetic materials. This strategic partnership is set to reshape the future landscape of electric transportation, particularly given VAC's recent notable partnership with automotive giant, General Motors (NYSE: GM).

The Chinese Rare Earths Monopoly Saga Continues

written by Jack Lifton | April 3, 2024

The blather in the media suggesting that China could or already be weaponizing the export of their "rare earths" to the rest of the world is so one-sided that it must make the Chinese wonder if non-Chinese "analysts" and "experts" ever bother to see the world from the perspective of "others." For more than a decade China has been aggressively acquiring outright or buying the output of non-Chinese rare earth sources. At this point in time, China is the overwhelming buyer, worldwide, for example of the mineral monazite, which is produced primarily as a byproduct of the processing of heavy mineral sands, which are the source of zircon and ilmenite, source minerals for, respectively, zirconium and titanium.

InvestorNews Today: Zentek,

Australian Strategic Materials and the Global Markets

written by Tracy Weslosky | April 3, 2024

Enjoying the new name for InvestorIntel, we are in the final countdown for a formal rebranding as InvestorNews. Also, in appreciating our Trending section, the #1 most read column right now is about Zentek Ltd. (NASDAQ: ZTEK | TSXV: ZEN), read: Revolutionary Aptamer-Based Pathogen Technology from Zentek Unveils Rapid and Inexpensive Pathogen Detection Capabilities.

Discover the Significance of Ionic Clays: The Critical Minerals Institute Hosts an Online Summit

written by Tracy Weslosky | April 3, 2024

The ionic clay buzz is all about sourcing the pivotal rare earth elements: neodymium, praseodymium, dysprosium and terbium. These elements are essential for creating permanent magnets used in automotive drive motors, as they maintain magnetism even under temperature extremes, ranging from 0°F to 400°F.